

Life Insurance Company of North America
1601 Chestnut Street • Philadelphia, PA 19192 • (215) 761-1000

**NOTICE CONCERNING POLICYHOLDER RIGHTS IN AN
INSOLVENCY UNDER THE MINNESOTA LIFE AND HEALTH
INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION LAW**

If the insurer who issued your life, annuity or health insurance policy becomes impaired or insolvent you are entitled to compensation for your policy from the assets of that insurer. The amount you recover will depend on the financial condition of the insurer.

In addition, residents of Minnesota who purchase life insurance, annuities, or health insurance from insurance companies authorized to do business in Minnesota are protected, SUBJECT TO LIMITS AND EXCLUSIONS, in the event the insurer becomes financially impaired or insolvent. This protection is provided by the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association.

Minnesota Life & Health Insurance Guaranty Association
4760 White Bear Parkway, Suite 101
White Bear Lake, MN 55110
(651) 407-3149

The maximum amount the guaranty association will pay for all policies issued on one life by the same insurer is limited to \$500,000. Subject to this \$500,000 limit, the Guaranty Association will pay up to \$500,000 in life insurance death benefits, \$130,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance, \$500,000 in health insurance benefits, including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, \$250,000 in annuity net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, \$410,000 in present values of annuity benefits for annuities which are part of a structured settlement or for annuities in regard to which periodic annuity benefits, for a period of not less than the annuitant's lifetime or for a period certain of not less than ten years, have begun to be paid on or before the date of impairment or insolvency, or if no coverage limit has been specified for a covered policy or benefit, the coverage limit shall be \$500,000 in present value. Unallocated annuity contracts issued to retirement plans, other than defined benefit plans, established under section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992, are covered up to \$250,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, for Minnesota residents covered by the plan provided, however, that the association shall not be responsible for more than \$10,000,000 in claims from all Minnesota residents covered by the plan. If total claims exceed \$10,000,000 the \$10,000,000 shall be prorated among all claimants. These are the maximum claim amounts. Coverage by the guaranty association is also subject to other substantial limitations and exclusions and requires continued residency in Minnesota. If your claim exceeds the guaranty association's limits, you may still recover a part or all of that amount from the proceeds of the liquidation of the insolvent insurer, if any exist. Funds to pay claims may not be immediately available. The guaranty association assesses insurers licensed to sell life and health insurance in Minnesota after the insolvency occurs. Claims are paid from this assessment.

THE COVERAGE PROVIDED BY THE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR USING CARE IN SELECTING INSURANCE COMPANIES THAT ARE WELL MANAGED AND FINANCIALLY STABLE. IN SELECTING AN INSURANCE COMPANY OR POLICY, YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON COVERAGE BY THE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION.

THIS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BY MINNESOTA STATE LAW TO ADVISE POLICYHOLDERS OF LIFE, ANNUITY OR HEALTH INSURANCE POLICIES OF THEIR RIGHTS IN THE EVENT THEIR INSURANCE CARRIER BECOMES FINANCIALLY INSOLVENT. THIS NOTICE IN NO WAY IMPLIES THAT THE COMPANY CURRENTLY HAS ANY TYPE OF FINANCIAL PROBLEMS. ALL LIFE, ANNUITY AND HEALTH INSURANCE POLICIES ARE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THIS NOTICE.

NOTICE

Benefits paid under the Accelerated Benefits provision will reduce the death benefit payable for life insurance.

TL-004788

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA
1601 CHESTNUT STREET
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19192-2235
(800) 732-1603 TDD (800) 552-5744
A STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY

GROUP POLICY

POLICYHOLDER: Carleton College
POLICY NUMBER: FLX-967743
POLICY EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 2017
POLICY ANNIVERSARY DATE: January 1

This Policy describes the terms and conditions of coverage. It is issued in Minnesota and shall be governed by its laws. The Policy goes into effect on the Policy Effective Date, 12:01 a.m. at the Policyholder's address.

In return for the required premium, the Insurance Company and the Policyholder have agreed to all the terms of this Policy.



Anna Krishtul, Corporate Secretary



William J. Smith, President

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SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

Re-Issue Date: January 1, 2019

This Policy reflects the terms and conditions of coverage applicable on this date. References throughout the Policy to the Policy Effective Date mean the original effective date of the Policy. If this Policy includes an Active Service requirement and an insured person is not in Active Service on the Re-issue Date, coverage for the insured person will be determined based on the terms of the Policy in effect on the day prior to the Re-issue Date until the date the insured person returns to Active Service.

Premium Due Date: The last day of each month

Classes of Eligible Employees

Class 1 All active, Full-time Employees of the Employer regularly working a minimum of .46 Full-time equivalent per week in the United States, who are citizens or permanent resident aliens of the United States.

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS FOR CLASS 1

Eligibility Waiting Period

The Eligibility Waiting Period is the period of time the Employee must be in Active Service to be eligible for coverage. It will be extended by the number of days the Employee is not in Active Service.

For Employees hired on or
before the Policy Effective Date: The first of the month following the date of hire

For Employees hired on or
before the Policy Effective Date
and hired on the first business day of
the month during a month in which
the first of the month falls on a
weekend: No Waiting Period

For Employees hired after
the Policy Effective Date: The first of the month following the date of hire

For Employees hired after
the Policy Effective Date
and hired on the first business day of
the month in which the first of the
month falls on a weekend: No Waiting Period

LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

Employee Benefits

Amount of Insurance An amount elected in units of \$10,000
Minimum Benefit: \$10,000
Guaranteed Issue Amount: the greater of a) or b) below:
a) \$250,000, or
b) an amount equal to the Life Insurance Benefit in effect on
the termination date of the Prior Plan
Maximum Benefit: \$750,000

Age Based Reductions Life Insurance Benefit for an Employee age 65 and over will
reduce to the percentage shown below:
65% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 65
42% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 70
27% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 75
21% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 80
15% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 85
12% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 90
9% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 95

Benefit reductions will be effective on the January 1 coinciding
with or next following the Employee's attainment of age as
specified in schedule above.

Continuation Options

For Leave of Absence

Maximum Benefit Period: 3 months

For Family Medical Leave

Maximum Benefit Period: the later of the period of the approved FMLA leave or the leave period required by the laws of the state in which the Employee is employed

For Disability for Employees over Age 60

Maximum Benefit Period: 12 months

Applicable Coverages: Life Insurance Benefits for the Employee, his or her Spouse and Dependent Children, if any

Extended Death Benefit with Waiver of Premium

Extended Death Benefit

Applicable Coverages Life Insurance Benefits for the Employee, his or her Spouse and Dependent Children, if any

Waiver of Premium

Waiver Waiting Period 9 months from the date the Employee's Active Service ends

Maximum Benefit Period To Age 65

Applicable Coverages Life Insurance Benefits for the Employee, his or her Spouse and Dependent Children, if any

Portability Options

For Employees

See the Former Employee and Spouse/Domestic Partner of a Former Employee sections in this Schedule of Benefits for the amounts of insurance an Insured is eligible to continue under this option.

Terminal Illness Benefit

The insured can elect up to 80% of Life Insurance Benefits in force on the date the Insured is determined by the Insurance Company to be Terminally Ill, subject to a Maximum Benefit of \$400,000.

Spouse or Domestic Partner Benefits

Amount of Insurance

Units of \$5,000

Guaranteed Issue Amount:

the greater of a) or b) below:

a) \$40,000, or

b) an amount equal to the Life Insurance Benefit in effect on the termination date of the Prior Plan

Maximum Benefit:

\$250,000

Age Based Reductions

Life Insurance Benefit for a Spouse age 65 and over will reduce to the percentage shown below:

- 65% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 65
- 42% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 70
- 27% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 75
- 21% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 80
- 15% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 85
- 12% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 90
- 9% of the Life Insurance Benefit at age 95

Benefit reductions will be effective on the January 1 coinciding with or next following the Spouse's attainment of age as specified in schedule above.

A Spouse's Life Insurance Benefits cannot exceed 50% of the Employee's Voluntary Life Insurance Benefits.

Portability Options

For Spouse or Domestic Partner

See the Former Spouse or Domestic Partner section in this Schedule of Benefits for the amounts of insurance an Insured is eligible to continue under this option.

Terminal Illness Benefit

The insured can elect up to 80% of Life Insurance Benefits in force on the date the Insured is determined by the Insurance Company to be Terminally Ill.

Dependent Child Benefits

Amount of Insurance

Units of \$5,000

Maximum Benefit:

\$10,000

The Maximum Benefit for a Dependent Child who is less than 6 months old is \$500.

All Dependent Child benefits are Guaranteed Issue.

Portability Options

For Dependent Children

See the Former Dependent Child section in this Schedule of Benefits for the amounts of insurance an Insured is eligible to continue under this option.

Annual Enrollment Period

For Employees

During an Annual Enrollment Period, an Employee currently insured under the Voluntary Life Insurance portion of this Policy may increase his or her Voluntary Life Insurance Benefit, and an Employee who is eligible for the Voluntary Life Insurance portion of this Policy but who has not previously enrolled may become insured under the Policy, as long as the total Benefit does not exceed the Maximum Benefit, by satisfying the Insurability Requirement. Insurance will be effective on the later of the Policy Anniversary following the Annual Enrollment Period or the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to insure the Employee.

For Spouses

During an Annual Enrollment Period, an eligible Employee may elect coverage for his or her eligible Spouse. If a Spouse is currently insured under the Voluntary Life Insurance portion of this Policy, his or her Voluntary Life Insurance Benefit may be increased, as long as the total Benefit does not exceed the Maximum Benefit, by satisfying the Insurability Requirement. If a Spouse is eligible for the Voluntary Life Insurance portion of this Policy but has not previously enrolled, he or she may become insured under the Policy, as long as the total Benefit does not exceed the Maximum Benefit, by satisfying the Insurability Requirement. Insurance will be effective on the later of the Policy Anniversary following the Annual Enrollment Period or the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to insure the Spouse.

Insurance Benefits for an Employee, his or her Spouse and Dependent Children may be reduced at any time. A request for a Benefit reduction received during an Annual Enrollment Period will become effective on the Policy Anniversary following the Annual Enrollment Period. Any other Benefit reduction will be effective on the date the Insurance Company receives the completed change form.

Former Employee Benefits

Amount of Insurance An amount elected subject to the Maximum Benefit amount for Life Insurance Benefits allowable to an Employee, less any amount of conversion insurance issued under the Conversion Privilege for Life Insurance.

Any amount elected in excess of the Life Insurance Benefits in effect on the date he or she no longer qualifies as an Employee will be effective on the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to insure him or her.

Maximum Benefit Period To Age 70

Terminal Illness Benefit The insured can elect up to 80% of Life Insurance Benefits in force on the date the Insured is determined by the Insurance Company to be Terminally Ill, subject to a Maximum Benefit of \$400,000.

Spouse or Domestic Partner of Former Employee Benefits

Amount of Insurance An amount elected subject to the Maximum Benefit amount for Life Insurance Benefits available to a Spouse or Domestic Partner.

Any amount elected in excess of the Life Insurance Benefits in effect on the date the Employee's employment with the Employer ends will be effective on the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to insure him or her.

Maximum Benefit Period To Age 70

Terminal Illness Benefit The insured can elect up to 80% of Life Insurance Benefits in force on the date the Insured is determined by the Insurance Company to be Terminally Ill.

Former Spouse or Domestic Partner Benefits

Amount of Insurance An amount elected subject to the Maximum Benefit amount for Life Insurance Benefits available to a Spouse or Domestic Partner.

Any amount elected in excess of the Life Insurance Benefits in effect on the date he or she no longer qualifies as a Spouse or Domestic Partner will be effective on the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to insure him or her.

Maximum Benefit Period To Age 70

Terminal Illness Benefit The insured can elect up to 80% of Life Insurance Benefits in force on the date the Insured is determined by the Insurance Company to be Terminally Ill.

Former Dependent Child Benefits

Amount of Insurance Units of \$25,000
Guaranteed Issue Amount: \$25,000
Maximum Benefit: \$50,000

Maximum Benefit Period To Age 70

TL-004774 (MN)

ELIGIBILITY FOR INSURANCE

Classes of Eligible Persons

A person may be insured only once under the Policy as an Employee, Spouse or Dependent Child, even though he or she may be eligible under more than one class.

An Employee who is the Spouse of another Employee may not be insured for Voluntary Life Insurance as both an Employee and as a Spouse at the same time.

Any Employee, who is eligible for Voluntary Life Insurance, will not be eligible to be insured as a Dependent Child of another Employee.

If an Employee is eligible and has enrolled as the Spouse of another Employee, but ceases to be eligible to maintain the amount of insurance for which he or she has enrolled as a Spouse, that Employee may, within 31 days, enroll for coverage as an Employee, in an amount equal to the lesser of (1) the amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance terminating, or (2) the maximum amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance for which the Employee is eligible. The Insurability Requirement does not apply. If this amount is not equal to a Voluntary Life Insurance coverage option, it will be adjusted to the next higher available Voluntary Life Insurance coverage option. This provision shall be in lieu of the Policy's provisions, if any, regarding coverage changes following Life Status Changes.

If a Spouse is eligible and has enrolled for Voluntary Life Insurance as an Employee, but ceases to be eligible to maintain the amount of insurance for which he or she has enrolled as an Employee, the Spouse may, within 31 days, instead become enrolled as a Spouse of another Employee, in an amount equal to the lesser of (1) the amount of Employee Voluntary Life Insurance terminating, or (2) the Maximum Benefit Amount of Spouse Voluntary Life Insurance for which the Spouse is eligible. The Insurability Requirement does not apply. If this amount is not equal to a Voluntary Life Insurance coverage option, it will be adjusted to the next higher available Voluntary Life Insurance coverage option.

A Dependent Child of two or more Employees may only be insured once under the Policy. If an Employee who has elected to insure Dependent Children ceases to be eligible to do so, then the Employee's Spouse may, within 31 days, elect to insure Dependent Children, provided he or she is insured as an Employee. In all cases, "Dependent Child" shall be defined with respect to the Employee who has enrolled dependent children.

In all cases, amounts of insurance referred to in these provisions shall be determined before the application of any reductions in benefits due to age.

Any amount of Voluntary Life Insurance Coverage which cannot be continued under the above provisions may be subject to the Conversion Privilege.

Employee

An Employee in one of the Classes of Eligible Employees shown in the Schedule of Benefits is eligible to be insured on the Policy Effective Date or the day after he or she completes the Eligibility Waiting Period, if later. The Eligibility Waiting Period will not apply to an Employee, in Active Service on the Policy Effective Date, who was covered under the Prior Plan and satisfied the Eligibility Waiting Period, if any, of that plan. Credit will be given for any time that was satisfied.

If a person has previously converted his or her insurance under the Policy, he or she will not become eligible until the converted policy is surrendered. This does not apply to any amount of insurance that was previously converted under the Policy due to a reduction in the Employee's Life Insurance Benefits based on age or a change in class unless those conditions no longer affect the amount of coverage available to the Employee.

Except as noted in the Reinstatement Provision, if an Employee terminates coverage and later wishes to reapply, or if a former Employee is rehired a new Eligibility Waiting Period must be satisfied. An Employee is not required to satisfy a new Eligibility Waiting Period, if insurance ends because he or she is no longer in a Class of Eligible Employees, but continues to be employed by the Employer, and within one year becomes a member of an eligible class.

Spouse

If an Insured is eligible to elect Spouse coverage, the Spouse is eligible to be insured on the date the Employee is eligible or the date he or she becomes a Spouse of an Employee, if later. The eligible Employee must be insured for Voluntary Life Insurance in order to elect spouse coverage.

For the purpose of eligibility, the Spouse must be the lawful Spouse of the Employee and not legally separated or divorced from, or widowed by the Employee.

Dependent Child

If an Insured is eligible to elect Dependent Child coverage, the Dependent Child is eligible to be insured on the date the Insured is eligible or on the date the child qualifies as a Dependent Child, if later.

In no event will a Dependent Child be eligible to become insured more than once under the Policy.

TL-004710-1

ENROLLING FOR INSURANCE

Initial Open Enrollment

During the Initial Open Enrollment Period, an Employee, his or her eligible Spouse or Dependent Child who were insured, or who were eligible to be insured, under the Prior Plan may become insured under the Voluntary Life Insurance Plan provided by this Policy for a Benefit up to this Policy's Guaranteed Issue Amount, as shown in the Schedule of Benefits, without satisfying any Insurability Requirement. Coverage will not become effective for an Employee, his or her eligible Spouse or Dependent Child if an Employee is not actively at work, due to Injury or Sickness, on the date his or her coverage would otherwise become effective under this policy. Coverage will become effective on the date the Employee returns to Active Service.

If an Employee's eligible dependent is (a) an inpatient in a hospital, hospice, rehabilitation or convalescence center, or custodial care facility; or (b) confined to his or her home under the care of a Physician on the date insurance would otherwise be effective, it will be effective on the date the dependent is no longer an inpatient in these facilities or confined at home. If such dependent was covered by the Prior Plan immediately prior to the Policy Effective Date, this provision will not apply to the amount of coverage in effect as of the Policy Effective Date, but will apply to any increase in coverage.

An Employee or his or her eligible Spouse may become insured for an amount in excess of the Guaranteed Issue Amount only if he or she satisfies the Insurability Requirement. Any excess amount will be effective on the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to insure that eligible person.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF INSURANCE

An Employee who is required to contribute to the cost of this insurance may elect insurance for himself or herself and an eligible Spouse or Dependent Child only by authorizing payroll deduction in a form approved by the Employer and the Insurance Company. The effective date of this insurance depends on the date and amount of insurance elected.

If an individual elects coverage within 31 days after becoming eligible to enroll, or for any increases, the Guaranteed Issue Amount will be effective on the latest of the following dates:

1. The Policy Effective Date.
2. The date payroll deduction is authorized for this insurance.
3. The date the Employer or Insurance Company receives the completed enrollment form.

If Employee or Spouse coverage is elected in an amount that exceeds the Guaranteed Issue Amount or an enrollment form is received more than 31 days after becoming eligible to elect coverage, this insurance will be effective on the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to insure that eligible person. The Insurance Company will require the eligible person to satisfy the Insurability Requirement before it agrees to insure him or her.

If coverage for a Dependent Child is in force and another Dependent Child becomes eligible, coverage for that child is effective on the date the child qualifies as a Dependent Child.

If an eligible Employee is not in Active Service on the date insurance would otherwise be effective, it will be effective on the date he or she returns to Active Service.

If an eligible Spouse or Dependent Child is:

1. an inpatient in a hospital, hospice, rehabilitation or convalescence center, or custodial care facility; or
2. confined to his or her home under the care of a Physician

on the date insurance would otherwise be effective, it will be effective on the date he or she is no longer an inpatient in these facilities or confined at home. If such Spouse or Dependent Child was covered by the Prior Plan immediately prior to the Policy Effective Date, this provision will not apply to the amount of coverage in effect as of the Policy Effective Date, but will apply to any increase in coverage. This does not apply to a Dependent Child who is age 6 months or less.

TL-004712

Takeover Provision

Special Terms Applicable to Previously Insured Employees Not in Active Service

Employees not in Active Service on the Policy Effective Date are not covered under the Policy.

However, the Insurance Company agrees to provide a death benefit equal to the lesser of:

1. the amount due under this Policy (without regard to the Active Service provision), or
2. the amount that would have been due under the Prior Plan had it remained in force.

The benefit amount will be reduced by any amount paid by the Prior Plan, or that would have been paid had this Policy not been issued and had timely filing of the claim been made under the Prior Plan.

These special terms will end on the earliest of the following dates:

1. the date the Employee meets the Active Service requirements;
2. the date insurance terminates for one of the reasons stated in the Termination of Insurance provision;
3. 12 months after the Policy Effective Date; or
4. the last day the Employee would have been covered under the Prior Plan if that plan was still in force.

TL-009020

TERMINATION OF INSURANCE

An Insured's coverage will end on the earliest of the following dates:

1. the date the Employee is eligible for coverage under a plan intended to replace this coverage;
2. the date the Policy is terminated by the Insurance Company;
3. the date the Insured is no longer in an eligible class;
4. the date coinciding with the end of the last period for which premiums are paid;
5. the date an Employee is no longer in Active Service;
6. for an Employee, Spouse and Dependent Child, the date the Employer cancels participation under the Policy; and
7. the date coverage for the Employee ends, for any insured Spouse and Dependent Child.

TL-004714

CONTINUATION OF INSURANCE

If an Employee is no longer in Active Service, he or she may be eligible to continue insurance. The following provisions explain the continuation options available under the Policy. Please see the Schedule of Benefits to determine the applicability of these benefits on a class level.

Continuation for Temporary Leave of Absence or Family Medical Leave

If an Employee's Active Service ends due to an Employer approved unpaid leave of absence or family medical leave of absence, insurance will continue for up to the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Benefits, if the required premium is paid.

Continuation for Disability for Employees over Age 60

If an Employee becomes Disabled and is age 60 or over, the Life Insurance Benefits shown in the Schedule of Benefits will be continued, provided premiums are paid, until the earlier of the following dates:

1. The date the Employee is no longer Disabled.
2. The date following the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Benefits.
3. The date coinciding with the end of the last period for which premiums are paid.
4. The date the Policy is terminated by the Insurance Company.

Amount of Insurance

If an Employee dies while he or she is Disabled and coverage is continued under this provision, the Insurance Company will pay a Death Benefit equal to the amount in effect on the date the Employee became Disabled. However, the Life Insurance Benefit will be subject to the provisions of the Policy that reduce the coverage amount because of age, retirement, payment of an Accelerated Benefit or a change in class. Automatic increases in Life Insurance Benefits will end while coverage is continued under this provision. The Insurance Company will pay benefits only if due proof of the Employee's continuous Disability is received within one year of the date of the loss.

“Disability”/“Disabled” means because of Injury or Sickness the Employee is unable to perform all the material duties of his or her Regular Occupation; or is receiving disability benefits under the Employer's plan.

“Regular Occupation” means the occupation the Employee routinely performs at the time the Disability begins. The Insurance Company will consider the duties of the occupation as it is normally performed in the general labor market in the national economy.

Extended Death Benefit with Waiver of Premium

Extended Death Benefit

If an Employee becomes Disabled and is less than age 60, the Life Insurance Benefits shown in the Schedule of Benefits will be extended without premium payment until the earlier of the following dates:

1. The date the Employee is no longer Disabled; or
2. 12 months after the end of Active Service.

Amount of Insurance

If an Employee dies while he or she is Disabled and coverage is extended under this provision, the Insurance Company will pay a Death Benefit equal to the amount in effect on the date the Employee became Disabled. However, the Life Insurance Benefit will be subject to the provisions of the Policy that reduce the coverage amount because of age, retirement, payment of an Accelerated Benefit or a change in class. Automatic increases in Life Insurance Benefits will end while premiums are waived. The Insurance Company will pay benefits only if due proof of the Employee's continuous Disability is received within one year of the date of the loss.

"Disability"/"Disabled" means because of Injury or Sickness the Employee is unable to perform the material duties of his or her Regular Occupation; or is receiving disability benefits under the Employer's plan.

"Regular Occupation" means the occupation the Employee routinely performs at the time the Disability begins. The Insurance Company will consider the duties of the occupation as it is normally performed in the general labor market in the national economy.

Waiver of Premium

If such an Employee submits satisfactory proof that he or she has been continuously Disabled for the Waiver Waiting Period shown in the Schedule of Benefits, coverage will be extended up to the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

Such proof must be submitted to the Insurance Company no later than 3 months after the date the Waiver Waiting Period ends. Premiums will be waived from the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to waive premiums for that Employee.

After premiums have been waived for 12 months, they will be waived for future periods of 12 months, if the Employee remains Disabled and submits satisfactory proof that Disability continues. Satisfactory proof must be submitted to the Insurance Company 3 months before the end of the 12-month period.

Amount of Insurance

If an Employee dies while he or she is Disabled and coverage is continued under this provision, the Insurance Company will pay a Death Benefit equal to the amount in effect on the date the Employee became Disabled. However, the Life Insurance Benefit will be subject to the provisions of the Policy that reduce the coverage amount because of age, retirement, payment of an Accelerated Benefit or a change in class. Automatic increases in Life Insurance Benefits will end while premiums are waived. The Insurance Company will pay benefits only if due proof of the Employee's continuous Disability is received within one year of the date of the loss.

Termination of Waiver

Insurance will end for any Employee whose premiums are waived on the earliest of the following dates.

1. The date he or she is no longer Disabled;
2. The date he or she refuses to submit to any physical examination required by the Insurance Company;
3. The date he or she refuses to participate in a Rehabilitation Plan for which the Insurance Company determines him or her to be eligible;

4. The last day of the 12-month period of Disability during which he or she fails to submit satisfactory proof of continued Disability;
5. The date following the end of the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

“Disability/Disabled” means because of Injury or Sickness an Employee is unable to perform the material duties of his or her Regular Occupation, or is receiving disability benefits under the Employer's plan, during the initial 9 months of Disability. Thereafter, the Employee must be unable to perform all of the material duties of any occupation which he or she may reasonably become qualified based on education, training or experience, or is subject to the terms of a Rehabilitation Plan approved by the Insurance Company.

“Regular Occupation” means the occupation the Employee routinely performs at the time the Disability begins. The Insurance Company will consider the duties of the occupation as it is normally performed in the general labor market in the national economy.

Rehabilitation During a Period of Disability

If the Insurance Company determines that a Disabled Employee is a suitable candidate for rehabilitation, the Insurance Company may require the Employee to participate in an assessment and Rehabilitation Plan, not to exceed 18 months, at our expense. The Insurance Company has the sole discretion to approve the Employee's participation in a Rehabilitation Plan and to approve a program as a Rehabilitation Plan. If an Employee fails to fully cooperate in all required phases of the Rehabilitation Plan and assessment without Good Cause, insurance under the Policy will end.

“Good Cause” means a medical reason preventing participation, in whole or in part, in the Rehabilitation Plan. Satisfactory proof of Good Cause must be provided to the Insurance Company.

“Rehabilitation Plan” means a written plan designed to enable the Employee to return to work. The Rehabilitation Plan will consist of one or more of the following phases:

1. Rehabilitation, under which the Insurance Company may provide, arrange or authorize educational, vocational or physical rehabilitation or other appropriate services;
2. Work, which may include modified work and work on a Part-time basis.

“Part-time” means regularly working less than the number of full time hours set by the Employer as a regular work day for Employees in an Eligible Class of Employees in the Policy.

TL-009745 as modified by TL-009745-1

Portability Options

For Employees

If an Employee's coverage under the Policy ends prior to age 70, for any of the following reasons:

- a. termination of employment; or
- b. termination of membership in an eligible class under the Policy;

Life Insurance Benefits may be continued up to the Maximum Benefit shown in the Schedule of Benefits for this option.

The Employee must apply to the Insurance Company and pay the required premium. If the Employee continues coverage, Spouse or Dependent Child coverage may also be continued by the Employee. The Spouse or Dependent Child must be covered under the Policy on the date coverage would otherwise end. The application must be submitted:

- a. within 31 days of the Employee's termination of employment or membership in an eligible class under the Policy; or
- b. during the time that the Employee has to exercise the Conversion Privilege.

Coverage under this option may not be elected at a later date.

When applying for this option, the Employee must name a beneficiary. Any beneficiary named previously under the Policy is no longer in effect. If there is no named or surviving beneficiary, Death Benefits will be paid to the first surviving class of the following living relatives:

- a. spouse;
- b. child or children;
- c. mother or father;
- d. brothers or sisters; or
- e. the executors or administrators of the Insured's estate.

When coverage is continued under this option, the Employee becomes a Former Employee. The Spouse becomes a Spouse of a Former Employee. The Dependent Child becomes a Dependent Child of a Former Employee.

If the Former Employee later acquires a Spouse or Dependent Child, he or she may elect coverage for them. The Former Employee must apply to the Insurance Company and pay the required premium. Coverage for the Spouse or Dependent Child will be effective on the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to insure them. The Insurance Company may require that the Spouse or Dependent Child satisfy the Insurability Requirement before it agrees to insure him or her.

Coverage will end on the earliest of the following dates.

- a. The date the Insurance Company cancels coverage for all Former Employees.
- b. The end of the period for which premiums are paid.
- c. The date an Insured reaches age 70.
- d. The date the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Benefits for this option ends.

Also, coverage for any Dependent Child will end on any of the dates listed above or when he or she no longer qualifies as a Dependent Child, if earlier.

For Spouses

If prior to age 70, a Spouse is:

- a. legally separated, divorced; or
- b. widowed

from an insured Employee or Former Employee, Life Insurance Benefits may be continued. Coverage may be continued up to the Maximum Benefit shown in the Schedule of Benefits for this option. The Spouse must apply to the Insurance Company and pay the required premium.

A Spouse who continues coverage may also continue coverage for a Dependent Child. The Dependent Child must be covered under the Policy on the date coverage would otherwise end. A Spouse must elect to continue insurance under this option within 31 days after coverage ends. Coverage may not be elected at a later date.

When applying for this option, a Spouse must name a beneficiary. Any beneficiary named previously under the Policy is no longer in effect. If there is no named or surviving beneficiary, Death Benefits will be paid to the first surviving class of the following living relatives:

- a. spouse;
- b. child or children;
- c. mother or father;
- d. brothers or sisters; or
- e. the executors or administrators of the Spouse's estate.

When coverage is continued under this option, the Spouse becomes a Former Spouse. A separate certificate of insurance will be issued to the Former Spouse. Coverage will be effective on the date after coverage as a Spouse ends if the required premium is paid.

Coverage will end on the earliest of the following dates.

- a. The date the Insurance Company cancels coverage for all Former Spouses.
- b. The end of the period for which premiums are paid.
- c. The date the Former Spouse reaches age 70.
- d. The date the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Benefits for this option ends.

Also, coverage for a Dependent Child will end on any of the dates listed above or when he or she no longer qualifies as a Dependent Child, if earlier.

For Dependent Children

If a Dependent Child is insured under the Policy and is at least 19 years of age, Life Insurance Benefits may be continued under this option. Coverage may be continued up to the Maximum Benefit shown in the Schedule of Benefits for this option.

The Dependent Child must apply to the Insurance Company and pay the required premium. If a Dependent Child does not elect to continue insurance within 31 days after reaching age 19; or the date he or she no longer qualifies as a Dependent Child, if later, coverage under this option may not be elected at a later date.

When applying for this option, a Dependent Child must name a beneficiary. Any beneficiary named previously under the Policy is no longer in effect. If there is no named or surviving beneficiary, Death Benefits will be paid to the first surviving class of the following living relatives:

- a. spouse;
- b. child or children;
- c. mother or father;
- d. brothers or sisters; or
- e. the executors or administrators of the Dependent Child's estate.

When a Dependent Child continues coverage under this option, he or she becomes a Former Dependent Child. A separate certificate of insurance will be issued to the Former Dependent Child. Coverage for a Former Dependent Child will be effective on the following dates.

- a. For any Guaranteed Issue Amount, immediately following the date his or her coverage as a Dependent Child ends, provided the Insurance Company receives the required premium.
- b. For any amount of insurance that exceeds the Guaranteed Issue Amount, the date the Insurance Company agrees in writing to insure him or her. The Insurance Company will require the Former Dependent Child to satisfy the Insurability Requirement before it agrees to insure him or her.

Coverage will end on the earliest of the following dates.

- a. The date the Insurance Company cancels coverage for all Former Dependent Children.
- b. The end of the period for which premiums are paid.
- c. The date the Former Dependent Child is age 70.
- d. The date the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Benefits for this option ends.

DESCRIPTION OF BENEFITS

The following provisions explain the benefits available under the Policy. Please see the Schedule of Benefits for the applicability of these benefits on a class level.

LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

Death Benefit

If an Insured dies, the Insurance Company will pay the Life Insurance Benefit in force for that Insured on the date of his or her death.

TL-004730

Accelerated Benefits

THIS IS A LIFE INSURANCE POLICY WHICH PAYS ACCELERATED BENEFITS AT THE INSURED'S OPTION UNDER CONDITIONS SPECIFIED IN THE POLICY. THIS IS NOT A LONG-TERM CARE POLICY MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF MINNESOTA LAW.

Any benefits payable under this Accelerated Benefits provision will reduce the Death Benefit payable for Life Insurance. Any automatic increases in Life Insurance Benefits will end when benefits are payable under this provision.

Accelerated Benefit for Terminal Illness

The Insurance Company will pay a Terminal Illness Benefit to an Insured who has been determined by the Insurance Company to be Terminally Ill.

The Terminal Illness Benefit is payable only once in an Insured's lifetime.

Determination of Terminal Illness

For the purpose of determining the existence of a Terminal Illness, the Insurance Company will require the Insured submit the following proof.

1. A written diagnosis and prognosis by two Physicians licensed to practice in the United States.
2. Supportive evidence satisfactory to the Insurance Company, including but not limited to radiological, histological or laboratory reports documenting the Terminal Illness.

The Insurance Company may require, at its expense, an examination of the Insured and a review of the documented evidence by a Physician of its choice.

"Terminal Illness" means a person has a prognosis of 12 months or less to live, as diagnosed by a Physician.

TL-004748 (MN)

Conversion Privilege for Life Insurance

Each Insured may convert all or any portion of his or her Life Insurance that would end under the Policy due to:

1. termination of employment;
2. termination of membership in an eligible class under the Policy;
3. termination of the Policy.

The Insured may apply for any type of life insurance the Insurance Company offers to persons of the same age in the amount applied for, except the Insured may not:

1. choose term insurance;
2. apply for an amount of insurance greater than the coverage amount terminating under the Policy (also, the conversion policy will not provide accident, disability or other benefits); or
3. apply for more than \$10,000 of insurance if the Policy is terminated or amended to terminate the insurance for any class of Insureds, or the Employer cancels participation under the Policy.

Conversion in these cases is only permitted if the Insured has been covered by the Policy or, any group life insurance policy issued to the Employer which the Policy replaced, for at least 3 years.

If the Insured becomes eligible for coverage under any group life policy within 31 days of termination of coverage under this Policy, the Insured may not convert an amount of insurance greater than the amount of coverage terminating under the Policy less the amount for which he or she may be covered under the other policy.

To apply for conversion insurance, the Insured must, within 31 days after coverage under the Policy ends:

1. submit an application to the Insurance Company; and
2. pay the required premium.

Evidence of insurability is not required.

Premium for the conversion insurance will be based on the age and class of risk of the Insured and the type and amount of coverage issued.

If the Insured has assigned ownership of his group coverage, the owner/assignee must apply for the individual policy.

Conversion insurance will become effective on the 31st day after the date coverage under the Policy ends provided the application is received by the Insurance Company and the required premium has been paid.

If the Insured dies during the 31-day conversion period, the Life Insurance benefits will be paid under the Policy regardless of whether he or she applied for conversion insurance. If a conversion policy is issued, it will be in exchange for any further benefits for that type and amount of insurance from this Policy.

Extension of Conversion Period

If an Insured is eligible for conversion insurance and is not notified of this right at least 15 days prior to the end of the 31-day conversion period, the conversion period will be extended. The Insured will have 15 days from the date notice is given to apply for conversion insurance. In no event will the conversion period be extended beyond 90 days. Notice, for the purpose of this section, means written notice presented to the Insured by the Employer or mailed to the Insured's last known address as reported by the Employer.

If the Insured dies during the extended conversion period, but more than 31 days after his or her coverage under the Policy terminates, Life Insurance benefits:

1. will not be paid under the Policy; and
2. will be payable under the conversion insurance; provided:
 - a. the Insured's application for conversion insurance has been received by the Insurance Company; and
 - b. the required premium has been paid.

Prior Conversion Limitation

If an Insured is covered under a life insurance conversion policy previously issued by the Insurance Company, he or she will not be eligible for this Conversion Privilege unless the prior coverage has ended.

LIFE INSURANCE EXCLUSIONS

If an Insured commits suicide, while sane or insane, within 2 years from the date his or her insurance under the Policy becomes effective, Life Insurance Benefits will be limited to a refund of the premiums paid on the Insured's behalf. The suicide exclusion applies from the effective date of any additional benefits or increases in Life Insurance Benefits.

Except for any amount of benefits in excess of the Prior Plan's benefits, this exclusion will not apply to any person covered under the Prior Plan for more than two years. If a person was not insured for two years under the Prior Plan, credit will be given for the time he or she was insured.

If a Dependent Child commits suicide and is survived by other Dependent Children covered under the same certificate, no refund of premiums will be paid.

TL-004752

CLAIM PROVISIONS

Notice of Claim

Written notice, or notice by any other electronic/telephonic means authorized by the Insurance Company, must be given to the Insurance Company within 31 days after a covered loss occurs or begins or as soon as reasonably possible. If written notice, or notice by any other electronic/telephonic means authorized by the Insurance Company, is not given in that time, the claim will not be invalidated or reduced if it is shown that notice was given as soon as was reasonably possible. Notice can be given at our home office in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania or to our agent. Notice should include the Employer's Name, the Policy Number and the claimant's name and address.

Written notice of a diagnosis of a Terminal Illness on which claim is based must be given to us within 60 days after the diagnosis. If notice is not given in that time, the claim will not be invalidated or reduced if it is shown that written notice was given as soon as reasonably possible.

Claim Forms

When the Insurance Company receives notice of claim, the Insurance Company will send claim forms for filing proof of loss. If claim forms are not sent within 15 days after notice is received by the Insurance Company, the proof requirements will be met by submitting, within the time required under the "Proof of Loss" section, written proof, or proof by any other electronic/telephonic means authorized by the Insurance Company, of the nature and extent of the loss.

Claimant Cooperation Provision

Failure of a claimant to cooperate with the Insurance Company in the administration of the claim may result in termination of the claim. Such cooperation includes, but is not limited to, providing any information or documents needed to determine whether benefits are payable or the actual benefit amount due.

Insurance Data

The Employer is required to cooperate with the Insurance Company in the review of claims and applications for coverage. Any information the Insurance Company provides in these areas is confidential and may not be used or released by the Employer if not permitted by applicable privacy laws.

Proof of Loss

Written proof of loss, or proof by any other electronic/telephonic means authorized by the Insurance Company, must be given to the Insurance Company within 90 days after the date of the loss for which a claim is made. If written proof of loss, or proof by any other electronic/telephonic means authorized by the Insurance Company, is not given in that 90 day period, the claim will not be invalidated nor reduced if it is shown that it was given as soon as was reasonably possible. In any case, written proof of loss, or proof by any other electronic/telephonic means authorized by the Insurance Company, must be given not more than one year after that 90 day period. If written proof of loss, or proof by any other electronic/telephonic means authorized by the Insurance Company, is provided outside of these time limits, the claim will be denied. These time limits will not apply while the person making the claim lacks legal capacity.

In case of claim for any other loss, proof must be furnished within 90 days after the date of such loss.

If it is not reasonably possible to submit proof of loss within these time periods, the Insurance Company will not deny or reduce any claim if proof is furnished as soon as reasonably possible. Proof must, in any case, be furnished not more than a year later, except for lack of legal capacity.

Time of Payment

Benefits due under the Policy for a loss, other than a loss for which the Policy provides installment payments, will be paid immediately upon receipt of due written proof of such loss.

Subject to the receipt of satisfactory written proof of loss, all accrued benefits for loss for which the Policy provides installments will be paid monthly; any balance remaining unpaid upon the termination of liability will be paid immediately upon receipt of due written proof, unless otherwise stated in the Description of Benefits.

Manner of Payment of Claims

The Policyholder authorizes that any benefit payment due as a lump sum of \$5,000 or more shall be credited to a draft account with the Insurance Company, in the name of the beneficiary. The beneficiary may withdraw the entire proceeds at any time by issuing one or more drafts, or may withdraw lesser amounts, subject to a minimum account balance set by the Insurance Company from time to time. Interest shall be credited to such account at rates as determined from time to time by the Insurance Company.

To Whom Payable

Death Benefits will be paid to the Insured's named beneficiary, if any, on file at the time of payment. If there is no named beneficiary or surviving beneficiary, Death Benefits will be paid to the first surviving class of the following living relatives: spouse; child or children; mother or father; brothers or sisters; or to the executors or administrators of the Insured's estate. The Insurance Company may reduce the amount payable by any indebtedness due.

In lieu of a lump sum payment, alternative methods for payment of group life insurance proceeds are available at the beneficiary's request.

All benefits payable under the Accelerated Benefits section are payable to the Insured, if living. If the Insured dies prior to the payment of an eligible claim for an Accelerated Benefit, benefits will be paid in accordance with the provisions applicable to the payment of Life Insurance proceeds, unless the Insured has directed us otherwise in writing. However, any payment made by us prior to notice of the Insured's death shall discharge us of any benefit that was paid.

All other benefits, unless otherwise stated in the Policy, will be payable to the Insured or the certificate owner if other than the Insured.

Any other accrued benefits which are unpaid at the Insured's death may, at the Insurance Company's option, be paid either to the Insured's beneficiary or to the executor or administrator of the Insured's estate.

If the Insurance Company pays benefits to the executor or administrator of the Insured's estate or to a person who is incapable of giving a valid release, the Insurance Company may pay up to \$1,000 to a relative by blood or marriage whom it believes is equitably entitled. This good faith payment satisfies the Insurance Company's legal duty to the extent of that payment.

Change of Beneficiary

The Insured may change the beneficiary at any time by giving written notice to the Employer or the Insurance Company. The beneficiary's consent is not required for this or any other change which the Insured may make unless the designation of beneficiary is irrevocable.

No change in beneficiary will take effect until the form is received by the Employer or the Insurance Company. When this form is received, it will take effect as of the date of the form. If the Insured dies before the form is received, the Insurance Company will not be liable for any payment that was made before receipt of the form.

Physical Examination and Autopsy

The Insurance Company, at its expense, will have the right to examine any person for whom a claim is pending as often as it may reasonably require. The Insurance Company may, at its expense, require an autopsy unless prohibited by law.

Legal Actions

No action at law or in equity may be brought to recover benefits under the Policy less than 60 days after written proof of loss, or proof by any other electronic/telephonic means authorized by the Insurance Company, has been furnished as required by the Policy. No such action shall be brought more than 3 years after the time satisfactory proof of loss is required to be furnished.

Time Limitations

If any time limit stated in the Policy for giving notice of claim or proof of loss, or for bringing any action at law or in equity, is less than that permitted by the law of the state in which the Employee lives when the Policy is issued, then the time limit provided in the Policy is extended to agree with the minimum permitted by the law of that state.

Physician/Patient Relationship

The Insured will have the right to choose any Physician who is practicing legally. The Insurance Company will in no way disturb the Physician/patient relationship.

TL-004724.24

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Premiums

The premiums for this Policy will be based on the rates currently in force, the plan and the amount of insurance in effect.

If the Insured's coverage amount is reduced due to acceleration of his or her Death Benefit, his or her premium will be based on the amount of coverage he or she has in force on the day before the reduction took place. If the Insured's coverage amount is reduced due to his or her attained age, premium will be based on the amount of coverage in force on the day after the reduction took place.

Changes in Premium Rates

The premium rates may be changed by the Insurance Company from time to time with at least 31 days advance written notice. No change in rates will be made until 24 months after the Re-Issue Date. An increase in rates will not be made more often than once in a 12 month period. However, the Insurance Company reserves the right to change the rates even during a period for which the rate is guaranteed if any of the following events take place.

1. The terms of the Policy change.
2. A division, subsidiary, affiliated company or eligible class is added or deleted from the Policy.
3. There is a change in the factors bearing on the risk assumed.
4. Any federal or state law or regulation is amended to the extent it affects the Insurance Company's benefit obligation.
5. The Insurance Company determines that the Employer has failed to promptly furnish any necessary information requested by the Insurance Company, or has failed to perform any other obligations in relation to the Policy.

If an increase or decrease in rates takes place on a date that is not a Premium Due Date, a pro rata adjustment will apply from the date of the change to the next Premium Due Date.

Reporting Requirements

The Employer must, upon request, give the Insurance Company any information required to determine who is insured, the amount of insurance in force and any other information needed to administer the plan of insurance.

Payment of Premium

The first premium is due on the Policy Effective Date. After that, premiums will be due monthly unless the Employer and the Insurance Company agree on some other method of premium payment.

If any premium is not paid when due, the plan will be canceled as of the Premium Due Date, except as provided in the Policy Grace Period section.

Notice of Cancellation

The Employer or the Insurance Company may cancel the Policy as of any Premium Due Date by giving 31 days advance written notice. If a premium is not paid when due, the Policy will automatically be canceled as of the Premium Due Date, except as provided in the Policy Grace Period section.

Policy Grace Period

A Policy Grace Period of 31 days will be granted for the payment of the required premiums under this Policy. This Policy will be in force during the Policy Grace Period. The Employer is liable to the Insurance Company for any unpaid premium for the time this Policy was in force.

Draft Accounts

The Insurance Company shall be entitled to retain, as part of its compensation, any earnings on draft accounts created in connection with benefit claims, in excess of interest credited under the terms of the policy.

Grace Period for the Insured

If the required premium is not paid on the Premium Due Date, there is a 31 day grace period after each premium due date after the first. If the required premium is not paid during the grace period, insurance will end on the last day for which premium was paid.

If benefits are paid during the Grace Period for the Insured, the Insurance Company will deduct any overdue premium from the proceeds payable under the Policy.

Reinstatement of Insurance

Coverage may be reinstated without satisfying the Insurability Requirement, if an Employee's insurance ends because he or she is on an unpaid leave of absence and he or she applies for Reinstatement within 31 days of his return to Active Service.

After an Insured's coverage has ceased, it may be reinstated at any date prior to five years after the date of termination if the following conditions are met:

1. The Policy is still in force.
2. The Insured is eligible under the Policy.
3. A written request for reinstatement and a new enrollment form are sent to the Insurance Company.
4. The required premium is paid.
5. The Insurability Requirement, if any, is satisfied.

TL-004720

SCHEDULE OF RATES

The following monthly rates apply to all Classes of Eligible Persons unless otherwise indicated.

FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Voluntary Life Insurance

Monthly Rates are based on units of \$1,000

Under Age 20	\$.046	Age 60 - 64	\$.753
Age 20 - 24	\$.046	Age 65 - 69	\$1.114
Age 25 - 29	\$.046	Age 70 - 74	\$2.212
Age 30 - 34	\$.052	Age 75 - 79	\$2.212
Age 35 - 39	\$.077	Age 80 - 84	\$2.212
Age 40 - 44	\$.127	Age 85 - 89	\$2.212
Age 45 - 49	\$.216	Age 90 - 94	\$2.212
Age 50 - 54	\$.363	Age 95 and over	\$2.212
Age 55 - 59	\$.615		

A change in rates due to a change in the Employee's age will become effective on the January 1 coinciding with or following the Employee's birthday.

FOR SPOUSE OR DOMESTIC PARTNER BENEFITS

Voluntary Life Insurance

Monthly Rates are based on units of \$1,000.

Under Age 20	\$.046	Age 60 - 64	\$.753
Age 20 - 24	\$.046	Age 65 - 69	\$1.114
Age 25 - 29	\$.046	Age 70 - 74	\$2.212
Age 30 - 34	\$.052	Age 75 - 79	\$2.212
Age 35 - 39	\$.077	Age 80 - 84	\$2.212
Age 40 - 44	\$.127	Age 85 - 89	\$2.212
Age 45 - 49	\$.216	Age 90 - 94	\$2.212
Age 50 - 54	\$.363	Age 95 and over	\$2.212
Age 55 - 59	\$.615		

Spouse rates are based on the Employees date of birth. A change in rates due to a change in the Employees age will become effective on the January 1 coinciding with or following the Employees birthday.

FOR DEPENDENT CHILD BENEFITS

Voluntary Life Insurance \$.05 Per \$1,000

FOR FORMER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Monthly Rates are based on units of \$1,000.

Under Age 20	\$.153	Age 45 - 49	\$.384
Age 20 - 24	\$.144	Age 50 - 54	\$.726
Age 25 - 29	\$.153	Age 55 - 59	\$1.347
Age 30 - 34	\$.177	Age 60 - 64	\$2.461
Age 35 - 39	\$.19	Age 65 - 69	\$4.065
Age 40 - 44	\$.243		

A change in rates due to a change in the Former Employee's age will become effective on the Policy Anniversary coinciding with or following the Former Employee's birthday.

FOR FORMER SPOUSE OR DOMESTIC PARTNERS OR SPOUSE OR DOMESTIC PARTNERS OF FORMER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Monthly Rates are based on units of \$1,000.

Under Age 20	\$.153	Age 45 - 49	\$.384
Age 20 - 24	\$.144	Age 50 - 54	\$.726
Age 25 - 29	\$.153	Age 55 - 59	\$1.347
Age 30 - 34	\$.177	Age 60 - 64	\$2.461
Age 35 - 39	\$.19	Age 65 - 69	\$4.065
Age 40 - 44	\$.243		

Spouse rates are based on the spouse's date of birth. A change in rates due to a change in the Spouse's age will become effective on the Policy Anniversary coinciding with or following the Spouse's birthday.

FOR FORMER DEPENDENT CHILD BENEFITS

Rates are based on \$25,000 per Month.

Under Age 20	\$2.377	Age 45 - 49	\$9.777
Age 20 - 24	\$2.777	Age 50 - 54	\$16.377
Age 25 - 29	\$2.977	Age 55 - 59	\$23.477
Age 30 - 34	\$3.600	Age 60 - 64	\$38.250
Age 35 - 39	\$4.177	Age 65 - 69	\$54.077
Age 40 - 44	\$6.200		

Rates are based on \$50,000 per Month

Under Age 20	\$4.750	Age 45 - 49	\$19.550
Age 20 - 24	\$5.550	Age 50 - 54	\$32.750
Age 25 - 29	\$5.950	Age 55 - 59	\$46.950
Age 30 - 34	\$7.200	Age 60 - 64	\$76.500
Age 35 - 39	\$8.350	Age 65 - 69	\$108.150
Age 40 - 44	\$12.400		

A change in rates due to a change in the Former Dependent Child's age will become effective on the Policy Anniversary Date coinciding with or following the Former Dependent Child's birthday.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Entire Contract

The entire contract will be made up of the Policy, the application of the Employer, a copy of which is attached to the Policy, and the applications, if any, of the Insureds.

Incontestability

All statements made by the Employer or by an Insured are representations not warranties. No statement will be used to deny or reduce benefits or as a defense to a claim, unless a copy of the instrument containing the statement has been furnished to the claimant. In the event of death or legal incapacity, the beneficiary or representative must receive the copy.

After two years from an Insured's effective date of insurance, or from the effective date of any added or increased benefits, no such statement will cause insurance to be contested except for fraud or eligibility for coverage.

Misstatement of Age

If an Insured's age has been misstated, the Insurance Company will adjust all benefits to the amounts that would have been purchased for the correct age.

Policy Changes

No change in the Policy will be valid until approved by an executive officer of the Insurance Company. This approval must be endorsed on, or attached to, the Policy. No agent may change the Policy or waive any of its provisions.

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Policy is not in lieu of and does not affect any requirements for insurance under any Workers' Compensation Insurance Law.

Certificates

A certificate of insurance will be delivered to the Employer for delivery to Insureds. Each certificate will list the benefits, conditions and limits of the Policy. It will state to whom benefits will be paid.

Assignment of Benefits

The Insurance Company will not be affected by the assignment of an Insured's certificate until the original assignment or a certified copy of the assignment is filed with the Insurance Company. The Insurance Company will not be responsible for the validity or sufficiency of an assignment. An assignment of benefits will operate so long as the assignment remains in force provided insurance under the Policy is in effect. This insurance may not be levied on, attached, garnisheed, or otherwise taken for a person's debts. This prohibition does not apply where contrary to law.

Clerical Error

A person's insurance will not be affected by error or delay in keeping records of insurance under the Policy. If such an error is found, the premium will be adjusted fairly.

Agency

The Employer and Plan Administrator are agents of the Employee for transactions relating to insurance under the Policy. The Insurance Company is not liable for any of their acts or omissions.

Ownership of Records

All records maintained by the Insurance Company are, and shall remain, the property of the Insurance Company.

DEFINITIONS

Please note, certain words used in this document have specific meanings. These terms will be capitalized throughout this document. The definition of any word, if not defined in the text where it is used, may be found either in this Definitions section or in the Schedule of Benefits.

Accident

An Accident is a sudden, unforeseeable external event that causes bodily Injury to an Insured while coverage is in force under the Policy.

Active Service

An Employee will be considered in Active Service with the Employer on a day which is one of the Employer's scheduled work days if either of the following conditions are met.

1. He or she is actively at work. This means the Employee is performing his or her regular occupation for the Employer on a Full-time basis, either at one of the Employer's usual places of business or at some location to which the Employer's business requires the Employee to travel.
2. The day is a scheduled holiday, vacation day or period of Employer approved paid leave of absence, other than disability or sick leave after 7 days.

An Employee is considered in Active Service on a day which is not one of the Employer's scheduled work days only if he or she was in Active Service on the preceding scheduled work day.

Dependent Child

An unmarried child who meets the following requirements.

1. A child from live birth but less than 19 years old;
2. A child who is 19 or more years old but less than 26 years old and primarily supported by the Employee;
3. A child who is 19 or more years old, primarily supported by the Employee and incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental or physical incapacity.

The term "child" means:

- a. the Employee's natural child;
- b. the Employee's legally adopted child, beginning with any waiting period pending finalization of the child's adoption. It also means the legally adopted child of the Employee's Spouse provided the child is living with, and is financially dependent upon the Employee;
- c. a stepchild born to the Employee's Spouse and who is living with and financially dependent upon the Employee;
- d. a child for whom the Employee is the court-appointed legal guardian and who resides with, and is financially dependent upon the Employee.

Employee

For eligibility purposes, an Employee is an employee of the Employer in one of the "Classes of Eligible Employees." Otherwise, Employee means an employee of the Employer who is insured under the Policy.

Employer

The Policyholder and any affiliates or subsidiaries covered under the Policy.

Full-time

Full-time means the number of hours set by the Employer as a regular work day for Employees in the Employee's eligibility class.

Initial Enrollment Period

The period in the calendar year when an eligible Employee who was hired on or before the Policy Effective Date may enroll for the first time for Insurance Benefits under this Policy. This period must be agreed upon by the Employer and the Insurance Company. Refer to Initial Open Enrollment under the Enrolling for Insurance section of the Policy.

Injury

Any accidental loss or bodily harm which results directly and independently of all other causes from an Accident.

Insurability Requirement

An eligible person will satisfy the Insurability Requirement for an amount of coverage on the day the Insurance Company agrees in writing to accept him or her as insured for that amount. To determine a person's acceptability for coverage, the Insurance Company will require evidence of good health and may require it be provided at the Employee's expense.

Insurance Company

The Insurance Company underwriting the Policy is named on the Policy cover page.

Insured

A person who is eligible for insurance under the Policy, for whom insurance is elected, the required premium is paid and coverage is in force under the Policy.

Physician

Physician means a licensed doctor practicing within the scope of his or her license and rendering care and treatment to an Insured that is appropriate for the condition and locality. The term does not include an Employee, an Employee's spouse, the immediate family (including parents, children, siblings or spouses of any of the foregoing, whether the relationship derives from blood or marriage), of an Employee or spouse, or a person living in an Employee's household.

Policy Anniversary

A Policy Anniversary is the date stated on the policy cover and the same date that follows every 12 months for as long the Policy is in effect.

Policy Effective Date

The Policy Effective Date is the date stated on the policy cover.

Policyholder

A Policyholder is an Employer who has applied for coverage under the policy for his eligible Employees and their Dependents.

Prior Plan

The Prior Plan refers to the plan of insurance providing similar benefits sponsored by the Employer in effect directly prior to the Policy Effective Date. A Prior Plan will include the plan of an employer in effect on the day prior to that employer's addition to this policy.

To be covered under the Policy, required premium must be paid for all covered Employees.

Sickness

Any physical or mental illness or disease. It also includes pregnancy.

Spouse

The current lawful Spouse of an Employee.

AMENDATORY RIDER
DOMESTIC PARTNER/CIVIL MARRIAGE OR CIVIL UNION PARTNER COVERAGE

Policy No. FLX-967743

Effective Date: January 1, 2017

Eligible Classes to which this Rider applies: All Classes

This rider amends the Policy and Certificate to which it is attached. It is effective on the Effective Date shown above, and expires when the Policy expires.

A. Domestic Partner/Civil Marriage or Civil Union Partner means any of the following:

1. A person with whom the Employee or Former Employee has a registered civil union, civil marriage or domestic partnership under state law which imposes legal obligations on the parties substantially similar to marriage. Such person will continue to be recognized as a domestic partner, civil marriage or civil union partner unless and until: (1) the domestic partnership, civil marriage or civil union is dissolved under applicable law; or (2) either the Employee or Former Employee; or the domestic partner, civil marriage or civil union partner marries another person.
2. A person meeting all of the following requirements, with respect to an Employee or Former Employee.
 - a. Shares a permanent residence with the Employee or Former Employee;
 - b. Has resided with the Employee or Former Employee for at least 6 months and is expected to continue to reside with the Employee or Former Employee indefinitely.
 - c. Has not been legally married to any other person within the previous six months, and has no Domestic Partner other than the Employee or Former Employee during the previous six months, and is the Employee's or Former Employee's sole Domestic Partner;
 - d. Has signed a Domestic Partner declaration with the Employee or Former Employee, if the Employee or Former Employee resides in a jurisdiction which provides for Domestic Partner declarations;
 - e. Has not signed a Domestic Partner declaration with any other person within the last 6 months;
 - f. Is interdependent with the Employee or Former Employee in three or more of the following ways:
 1. Both partners are registered under any municipal ordinance as Domestic Partners.
 2. Both partners are jointly parties to a lease, mortgage or deed.
 3. Both partners jointly own one or more motor vehicles.
 4. Both partners jointly own one or more bank or credit accounts.
 5. The Employee or Former Employee has named the Domestic Partner as attorney-in-fact under a durable power of attorney with authority over health care decisions.
 6. The Employee or Former Employee has designated the Domestic Partner as beneficiary under a retirement plan or a life insurance policy.
 7. The Employee or Former Employee has designated the Domestic Partner as beneficiary of the Employee's or Former Employee's will.
 8. Each partner has agreed in writing to assume the financial responsibility for the welfare of the other.
 - g. Is not so closely related by blood to the Employee or Former Employee as to prohibit legal marriage in their state of residence.
 - h. Is no less than 18 years of age.

The Employee or Former Employee and Domestic Partner must furnish the Employer and Insurance Company with a signed declaration that the above requirements are met, at the time of enrollment.

- B. All references in the policy to “Spouse” shall be changed to read “Spouse, Domestic Partner, Civil Marriage or Civil Union Partner except as follows:
1. The definition of “Spouse” remains unchanged.
 2. For purposes of any provision of the policy providing for payment of benefits to relatives of the Employee or Former Employee, a Domestic Partner/Civil Marriage or Civil Union Partner shall be included only if:
 - a. the Domestic Partner/Civil Marriage or Civil Union Partner meets the requirements of the definition of Domestic Partner/Civil Marriage or Civil Union Partner referenced in item 1; or
 - b. the Employee or Former Employee and Domestic Partner have furnished the Employer or the Insurance Company with a signed statement affirming that the requirements referenced in item 2 within the definition of Domestic Partner are met.
- C. A Domestic Partner/Civil Marriage or Civil Union Partner shall be deemed eligible to be enrolled for insurance on the latest of:
1. the date of registration under Item 1 of the definition of Domestic Partner/Civil Marriage or Civil Union Partner;
 2. the date that the Employee or Former Employee is eligible for insurance under the Policy;
 3. the effective date of this Amendment to the Policy.
- D. A child of a Domestic Partner/Civil Marriage or Civil Union Partner may only be eligible to be insured if:
1. the child is primarily dependent on the Employee or Former Employee for financial support; or
 2. the Employee or Former Employee has a legal obligation of support of the child; or
 3. the Employee or Former Employee is the child’s legal guardian.

Except for the above this rider does not change the Policy or Certificate to which it is attached.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA



William J. Smith, President

AMENDATORY RIDER

CONTINUATION OF GROUP LIFE INSURANCE (Applicable To Policies Delivered In Minnesota)

Policyholder: Carleton College

Policy No. FLX-967743

Effective Date: January 1, 2017

This Rider amends the Policy identified above and takes effect on the effective date shown above. This Rider shall remain in force while the Policy is in effect and shall terminate upon termination of the Policy.

In consideration of the payment of premiums by the Policyholder, the policy is amended as follows:

Continuation Of Life Insurance – This provision shall apply with respect to Employees whose coverage under the Policy is terminated due to: (i) voluntary or involuntary termination or layoff from employment, for any reason other than gross misconduct; or (ii) reduction in hours such that the Employee is not eligible for insurance under the Policy.

For those Employees subject to this provision, life insurance coverage may be continued under the Policy for 18 months, or until the date that the Employee becomes covered under another group policy, whichever is shorter. Coverage provided under this provision will also end if the Policy is terminated.

The premium required for continued coverage shall be the premium under the Policy applicable to the Employee's class and amount of coverage. The Employer may charge an additional amount, not to exceed 2% of such premium, for collecting premium contributions from former Employees. The Employer shall notify the Employee of the right to continue and the required premium contribution. The Employee may elect to continue within 60 days of termination by paying the required premium, and may continue coverage in force by paying the required premium, without demand, on a monthly basis, as of the first of each month, to the Employer. Coverage will end at the end of any month in which the Employee has failed to pay premium to the Employer.

If continued coverage remains in force at the end of the 18 month period, or on termination of the Policy, the Employee may choose any conversion or portability right then available under the Policy.

In the event the Employee dies during the 60 day right to elect period without having become insured under another group policy, or dies while continued coverage is in force, the death benefit will be paid to the beneficiary chosen by the Employee under the terms of the Policy.

Continued coverage will include eligible dependents who were covered on the Employee's date of termination, provided the dependent remains eligible as a dependent of the Employee. In the event that the dependent ceases to be eligible, the dependent may choose any conversion or portability right then available under the Policy.

Coverage of Existing Former Employees – This provision is only applicable if the policy of group life insurance, insuring Employees of the Employer, which this Policy replaced ("Prior Policy"), contains a waiver of premium benefit meeting the requirements of Minnesota Statutes 61A.091, Subd. 2.

The Company will pay a death benefit with respect to those former Employees who were insured under the Prior Policy, under a continuation of life insurance benefit meeting the requirements of Minnesota Statutes 61A.092, and excluding any portability benefit for which former Employees made premium payments directly to the insurance company.

The amount of the death benefit will be the lesser of (1) the amount of insurance being continued under the Prior Policy as of its date of termination, less any amount payable under the Prior Policy following its termination (including any amount that would have been payable, if timely claim had been made), and (2) the amount of insurance that would have been provided to the former Employee under the Policy, if the former Employee were in Active Service under the Policy as of the Policy's Effective Date.

This death benefit will be provided until the earliest of (1) 18 months after the date of termination or layoff of the former Employee; (2) the date that the former Employee becomes eligible under the terms of another group policy; (3) the effective date of any conversion policy issued or available under the Prior Policy; (4) the end of the month for which the Employee fails to make the required premium contribution to the Employer; or (5) the date of termination of the Policy.

If this death benefit ends as a result of (1) above, the former Employee shall have the right to convert the amount of the death benefit, under the terms of the Policy that apply to conversion on termination of employment.

Except as provided above, this Rider does not amend the terms of the Policy.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "William J. Smith".

William J. Smith, President

TL-009335

STATE MODIFYING PROVISIONS AMENDMENT RIDER

Policyholder: Carleton College
Policy No. FLX-967743
Amendment Effective Date: January 1, 2017

This amendment is attached to and made part of the Policy/Certificate specified above. Its provisions are intended to conform this Policy/Certificate to the laws of the state in which the insured resides.

The Policy delivered under the Group Policy are amended as follows:

APPLICABLE TO CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS:

1. Conversion Privilege for Life Insurance

Insured Employees and Insured Spouses may convert to an individual policy of life insurance for an amount not greater than the Conversion Amount shown below when the Policy ends, without regard to any requirement that the person be insured under the policy for a specified period of time, if all of the following apply.

- a. The Insured became Totally Disabled while covered for the Life Benefit of the Policy. Totally Disabled means the person is unable to perform all the material duties of any occupation for which he or she may reasonably be qualified based on training, education and experience.
- b. The Insured remained Totally Disabled until the Policy ended while covered for the Life Benefit of this Policy.
- c. The Policy does not provide a Waiver of Premium, Extended Death Benefit Provision or monthly payments to Totally Disabled Insureds for the Life Benefit.
- d. The person meets all other conditions for converting the insurance.

Conversion Amount - Insured's life insurance amount under the Policy on the date the Policy ends minus the amount for which the Insured is insured under a group policy that provides life coverage to employees of the Insured Employee's Employer covered under this Policy. The dollar limit that applies to the amount for conversion at Policy termination does not apply.

The requirement that the Insured be covered under the Policy for the stated number of years in order to convert life insurance does not apply.

NOTICE: FOR EMPLOYERS LOCATED IN CALIFORNIA, YOU MUST PROVIDE COVERAGE TO CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS WHO ARE IN A REGISTERED DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP.

APPLICABLE TO FLORIDA RESIDENTS:

The benefits of the policy providing your coverage are governed primarily by the law of a state other than Florida.

APPLICABLE TO MARYLAND RESIDENTS:

The Group Insurance Policy was issued in a jurisdiction other than Maryland and may not provide all of the benefits required by Maryland law.

APPLICABLE TO MISSOURI RESIDENTS:

Applicable to Voluntary Life Insurance Benefits

If an Insured commits suicide, while sane or insane, within 1 year from the date his or her insurance under the Policy becomes effective, Voluntary Life Insurance Benefits will be limited to a refund of the premiums paid on the Insured's behalf. The suicide exclusion applies from the effective date of any additional benefits or increases in Life Insurance Benefits.

Except for any amount of benefits in excess of the Prior Plan's benefits, this exclusion will not apply to any person covered under the Prior Plan for more than one year. If a person was not insured for one year under the Prior Plan, credit will be given for the time he or she was insured.

If a Dependent Child commits suicide and is survived by other Dependent Children covered under the same certificate, no refund of premiums will be paid.

APPLICABLE TO NORTH DAKOTA RESIDENTS:

The Suicide exclusion, if any, is limited to one year from the effective date of insurance. The suicide exclusion with respect to any increase in death benefits which results from an application of the insured subsequent to the effective date, if any, is limited to one year from the effective date of the increase.

APPLICABLE TO OREGON RESIDENTS:

NOTICE: MUST PROVIDE DOMESTIC PARTNER COVERAGE FOR OREGON RESIDENTS

APPLICABLE TO VERMONT RESIDENTS:

To the extent the Policy provides insurance coverage to a spouse, the identical consideration must be applied to same sex marriages and Civil Union Partners.

1. Civil Union Partner means:
 - a. A person with whom the Employee has a registered civil union under Vermont law which imposes obligations on the parties substantially similar to marriage. Such person will continue to be recognized as a Civil Union Partner unless and until: (1) the civil union is dissolved under applicable law; or (2) either the Employee or the Civil Union Partner marries another person.
2. Spouse means:
 - a. "Lawful spouse" and includes a lawful spouse of the same sex.
 - b. This also includes a partner to a civil union recognized under Vermont Law.

APPLICABLE TO WASHINGTON RESIDENTS:

1. The following *Continuation of Insurance* provision is added to the Policy:

Continuation of Life Coverage During Labor Disputes

If an Employee's Active Service ends because of a Labor Dispute and his or her premium for Life Insurance Benefits under the Policy is paid either by the Employer, in whole or in part, or by the Employee through payroll deductions, then the Employee may continue his or her Life Insurance Benefits. The Employer will send written notice of the right to continue coverage to each insured Employee at his or her most recent address as on file with the Employer.

To continue coverage, the Employee must pay premiums directly to the Employer, who will remit the premiums to the Insurance Company. Premiums must be paid by the date they are due, subject to the 31 day grace period. Policy coverages and premiums will stay the same during a Labor Dispute; however, the Insurance Company may make normal changes in premium rates when the Policy is renewed, under the terms set forth in the Policy.

Coverage continued in this manner will end on the earliest of the following dates.

- a. The date the Labor Dispute has ended.
- b. The date coverage has been continued for 6 months.

If the Labor Dispute continues beyond 6 months, the Employee may apply for an individual insurance policy, as set forth in detail under "Conversion Privilege for Life Insurance."

"Labor Dispute," as used here, means a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute between the Employer and its Employees, during which time the Employee is not paid by the Employer.

2. If the Policy provides coverage to dependents, benefits for a Spouse or Dependent Child are limited to 100% of the insured Employee's coverage amount . Stand-alone Spouse and Dependent Child coverage (when Employee is not insured) is not permitted.
3. The *Suicide* Exclusion, if any, does not apply.
4. To the extent the policy includes *Accelerated Benefits*, the following resolution of disputes requirements are added to the Policy.
 - For Terminal Illness – *Determination of Terminal Illness*

In the event the Physician representing the Insurance Company disputes the existence of a Terminal Illness, and the dispute cannot be resolved, the Insured has the right to mediation and binding arbitration in accordance with Washington Administrative Code 284-23-730.

5. The *Incontestability Provision* is replaced as follows:

Incontestability

All statements made by the Employer or by an Insured are representations not warranties. No statement will be used to deny or reduce benefits or as a defense to a claim, unless a copy of the instrument containing the statement has been furnished to the claimant. In the event of death or legal incapacity, the beneficiary or representative must receive the copy.

After two years from an Insured's effective date of insurance, or from the effective date of any added or increased benefits, no such statement will cause insurance to be contested.

6. If the term “*Accident*” is defined in the Policy, it is replaced by the following:

Accident

An Accident is a sudden, unforeseeable event that causes bodily Injury to an Insured while coverage is in force under the Policy.

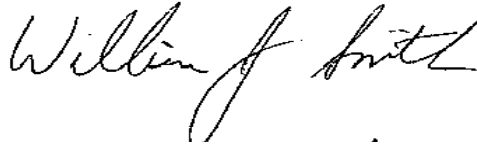
7. If the Policy provides coverage/benefits to a Spouse, a *Domestic Partner* will be afforded the same coverage/benefits provided to a Spouse.

Domestic Partner means a person with whom the Employee has a registered domestic partnership under Washington state law which imposes legal obligations on the parties substantially similar to marriage.

8. **NOTICE: MUST PROVIDE DOMESTIC PARTNER COVERAGE FOR WASHINGTON RESIDENTS**

Please refer to your Certificate of Insurance which describes the benefit provisions and limitations applicable to you as a resident of this state.

Signed for the
Life Insurance Company of North America

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "William J. Smith". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

William J. Smith, President